M1.	(a)	К	1
	(b)	Decreases	1
	(c)	use a metre rule / 30 cm ruler to measure across 10 (projected) waves accept any practical number of waves number for 10	1
		and then divide by 10	1
	(d)	1.2 cm = 0.012 m	1
		18.5 × 0.012 = 0.22(2) (m / s)	1
		allow 0.22(2) with no working shown for 2 marks	
		typical walking speed = 1.5m / s accept any value e.g. in the range 0.7 to 2.0 m / s	1
		so the water waves are slower (than a typical walking speed) <i>this cannot score on its own</i>	1

[8]

M2. (a) (i)

(b)

correct order essential	
(A =) a microphone	1
(B =) an oscilloscope or cathode ray oscilloscope or CRO	1
(ii) the amplitude accept any unambiguous indication	1
(iii) quieter / softer do not accept less (which could refer to the amplitude, frequency or wavelength)	1
sound cannot travel through a vacuum / (empty) space / free space accept there is no medium for the sound to travel through	1
(because) there is / are nothing / no particles to vibrate accept (because) there is / are nothing / no particles between them and the source (of the sound)	1

[6]

M3.	(a)	(i) 25 (%)	
		do not accept ¼	1
			I
		(ii) increases	1
	(b)	tick (🗸) in top and bottom box	
		both required	1
	(c)	SHINY surfaces are good reflectors of infra-red radiation	
		accept white for shiny	
		or black surfaces are POOR reflectors of infra-red radiation	
		accept bad for poor accept insertion of 'not' before 'good' in statement	
		or black surfaces are good EMITTERS of infra-red radiation	
		or black surfaces are good ABSORBERS of infra red radiation	1

[4]

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M4.	(a)	(i) .	J and L both required, either order	1
		(ii) K	ζ	1
		(iii) L		1
		h	ighest frequency reason does not score if L not chosen accept most waves (on screen) do not accept frequency above 20 000(Hz) do not accept cannot hear it	1
	(b)	transm detecto		
		compu		2

M5. (a) vibrate

allow move more (vigorously) but **not** just move

dirt / muck / grit / rust / dust etc. do not accept bacteria
(b) any one medical use eg ignore incorrect biological detail
scanning unborn babies
destroying (kidney) stones

(c) (i) 2

(ii) C

[5]

1

1

M6. (a) (i) bat(s)

 (ii) any example in the inclusive range 5 ↔ 29 Hz / hertz appropriate number and unit both required

1

1

1

1

1

1

- (b) (i) A, C, D *all three required and no other*
 - (ii) D, E both required and no other
- (c) sound cannot travel through a vacuum / (empty) space / free space
 accept there is no medium (for the sound to travel through)
 do not accept there is no air (for the sound to travel through)
 - (because) there is / are nothing / no particles to vibrate accept because there is / are nothing / no particles between them and the source (of the sound)

[6]

M7. (a) (i) wavelength

accept frequency accept speed

(ii) amplitude accept energy height is insufficient

(iii) sound

1

1

1

(b) 0.12

allow **1** mark for correct substitution, ie 8×0.015 provided no subsequent step shown

2

1

metre per second **or** m/s **or** metre/second do **not** accept mps units must be consistent with numerical answers

	lou	dness	1
(b) (i)	as length (of prongs) decreases frequency / pitch increases accept converse accept negative correlation ignore inversely proportional	1
	(ii)	8.3 (cm) accept 8.3 ± 0.1 cm	1
	(iii)	(8.3 cm is) between 7.8 (cm) and 8.7 (cm) <i>ecf from part (ii)</i>	1
		(so <i>f</i> must be) between 384 (Hz) and 480 (Hz)	1
		410 (Hz) ≤ f ≤ 450 (Hz) if only the estimated frequency given, accept for 1 mark an answer within the range	1
((c) (i)	electronic	1
	(ii)	frequency is (very) high accept frequency above 20 000 (Hz) or audible range	1

M8.

(a)

pitch

1

so tuning fork *or* length of prongs would be very small (1.2 mm)

1

(d) 285.7 (Hz)

accept any correct rounding 286, 290, 300 allow **2** marks for 285 allow **2** marks for correct substitution 0.0035 = 1 / f allow **1** mark for T = 0.0035 s allow **1** mark for an answer of 2000

[13]

3